

Choose Your Hose at This Big May Sale

A remarkably opportune time for women to replenish the supplies of hose that are prone to become exhausted. All reliable in quality and desirable in colors and weights.

SILK HOSE at \$1
McCallum make; full fashioned, pure thread silk; reinforced heel and toe, double garter tops; every wanted color and size—a hose that will give satisfaction.

Special \$2 Grade McCallum Silk Hose \$1.50
Special grade of fine pure thread silk; sheer Spring and Summer weight extra durable soles, heels and toes, wide garter hem, regular \$2.00 hose.

For Bride or Graduate
McCallum's correct white silk hose, made with all the famous McCallum features, from \$1.00 to \$3.00.

25c Socks, 10c pair.
Children's fancy little socks, dainty cheeks and stripes, today, 10c pair.

Where
Fourth St.
Meets Broad

The Store of To-Day and To-Morrow

Social and Personal

Mrs. Harriet Woodrow Welles, of Denver, Colo., who spent several weeks here this spring as the guest of the Governor of Virginia and Mrs. William Hodges Mann in the Executive Mansion, has returned from a prolonged stay with relatives in the South. Mrs. Welles has joined her mother, Mrs. Thomas Woodrow, in Washington, and they are at present the guests of their cousin, President Mr. Wilson, at the White House. Mrs. Woodrow and Mrs. Welles were with Mrs. Wilson and her daughters in their box at the Horse Show on Wednesday afternoon, and also attended the performance of "Little Women" at the Belasco Theatre Wednesday night, when they occupied a box with the President and Mrs. Wilson.

Mrs. Wilson wore a tailored suit in one of the new shades, between gold and mustard, with a medium sized and trimmed in ostrich tips to match, at the Horse show. Mrs. Wilson wore a coat gown of black cloth, finished with coral-colored satin, with a smart black hat.

Blues to Entertain.
The Richmond Light Infantry Blues have issued cards for the celebration of the one hundred and twenty-fourth anniversary of their organization for Saturday, May 16, from 9:30 A. M. to 5 of the afternoon at Lakeside Park. It is to be a large affair and an outdoor celebration.

Miss Keller's Lecture.
The lecture that Miss Helen Keller will give here to-morrow evening at 8 o'clock, in the auditorium of the Masonic Temple, is to be an event of the greatest importance and interest. The fact that a blind girl, who was at one time entirely deaf, dumb and sightless, is able to make a lecture of any kind before a large audience is of remarkable interest. Miss Keller, who is accompanied by her teacher and companion, Mrs. Macy, will speak on the subject of "The Heart and the Hand, or Right Use of Our Senses." The affair is under the direction of the Alumnae Association of the Virginia Randolph Elliott School.

Prominent Engagement.
Mr. and Mrs. Lewis Washington Clark, of Radford, have announced the engagement and approaching marriage of their daughter, Kathleen, to Gordon Lefebvre, of Richmond. Miss Clark was educated at Virginia College, and is a very charming girl, having been much admired throughout the State. Mr. Lefebvre belongs to a distinguished family of Eastern Virginia, and the marriage is one of great interest to society here. He is a son of the late Clayton Lefebvre and nephew of Thomas C. Gordon, of this city, and for some time past has made his home in Richmond.

Pretty Wedding.
The Washington Herald of yesterday contains the following of interest to Virginia Society:

"A pretty wedding took place Wednesday afternoon when Miss Dorothy

Wedding took place Wednesday afternoon when Miss Dorothy

Wedding took place Wednesday afternoon when Miss Dorothy

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line on Monument Avenue, is leaving this week for her home in Lexington, Ky.

Miss Elizabeth Brown, of "Ivy Cliff," will arrive here to-morrow to be the guest of Miss Elsie Ingram on West Grace Street.

Miss Maria Thompson Davies is now in New York City, where she is spending some time, before returning to Nashville, Tenn.

Mrs. John H. Lyneman and her sister, Miss Marie Steinbrecher, have returned to New York, after a visit to friends at White Plains.

Miss Maude Caskie has returned to her home in Lynchburg, after visiting friends here for several days.

Judge and Mrs. S. C. Graham have returned to their home in Tazewell, after a visit to friends in this city.

Mrs. Terry and her daughter, Miss Kate Terry, left yesterday for Lynchburg, after spending several days in Richmond.

Mrs. George L. Corbin, who has been at St. Luke's Hospital for treatment, will leave to-morrow for her home.

Dr. and Mrs. Cary Langhorne, of Washington, have taken a home in Virginia for the summer months.

Miss Linda Todd, who has been the guest of her sister, Mrs. L. C. Ware, in Staunton and Richmond, has returned to her home in Augusta County.

HIGH SCHOOL COMMENCEMENT.

Thirteen Graduates Receive Diplomas at Blackburg Institution.

[Special to The Times-Dispatch.] Blackburg, Va., May 8.—Commencement exercises of the Blackburg High School were held Wednesday night in the German Hall of the Virginia Polytechnic Institute, before an audience that more than filled the large room. There was a very attractive program of songs, marches, dances and drills rendered by the pupils in the lower grades and diplomas were conferred on thirteen graduates in the high school by the principal, Miss Emma S. Yerby, who also presented certificates of promotion from the grammar school to sixteen boys and girls. Miss Allen Smith read the prize essay, with which Edward Allan won the \$5 in gold offered by the Allegheny Chapter, Daughters of the American Revolution, for the best essay by a pupil in the high school department on "The Part Virginia took in the American Revolution." This prize was won by a pupil named William L. Johnson. The prize for the best essay on history by a grammar school pupil was presented to the recipient by Mrs. J. S. A. Johnson. The prize for the best essay on the subject of the American Revolution was carried off over a number of competitors by Miss Charlie Crumacker, a young miss of twelve years.

In the graduating exercises proper to the occasion, the senior orator, William Lybrook, read the secretary, Claude Pritchard, the class poem and Evans Gardner made the valedictory. Allan, Evans, Gardner, Allen, Smith, William Lybrook, Florence Martin, Dewey Martin, Elvie Effinger, Thomas Effinger, Claude Pritchard, Floyd Keister, Emily Randolph, Roberta Bennett and Ruth Reynolds.

To-Day's Beauty Recipes
By Mme. D'Amille.

"A simple and reliable remedy for skin eruptions, chaps, cold sores, pimples and eczema is Mother's Salve. It is healing, cooling, soothing and has a gentle action. It should be in every family medicine cabinet. It is a simple and reliable remedy for skin eruptions, chaps, cold sores, pimples and eczema is Mother's Salve. It is healing, cooling, soothing and has a gentle action. It should be in every family medicine cabinet. It is a simple and reliable remedy for skin eruptions, chaps, cold sores, pimples and eczema is Mother's Salve. It is healing, cooling, soothing and has a gentle action. It should be in every family medicine cabinet."

"Spotted, sallow and muddy looking complexions, together with skin eruptions, pimples and chaps, are the result of a cleansing treatment. Instead of face powder, an ideal complexion beautifier is easily made at home by dissolving an original package of face powder in a half pint of witch hazel. It makes the skin soft, fair and lovely. To remove superfluous hair on face or forearms make a paste with a little water and powdered delatone, cover the hair with the paste, then remove and wash the skin. Delatone does not dissolve the skin, and is safe and sure."—Advertisement.

HAMMOND
"Flowers of Guaranteed Freshness."

Tel. Mad. 630.

The first floor of SYDNOR & HUNDLEY'S is a scene of beauty in Summer Furniture and Porch and Lawn Goods; a great display also of Refrigerators.

The Velvet Kind
PURE ICE CREAM

Same Quality Every Day.
PURITY ICE CREAM
Monroe 1861.

Ladies' Tan Rubber Sole
Oxfords, \$2.25.

ALBERT STEIN
KING OF SHOES,
Corner 5th and Broad

See Our 1913 Patterns of GO-CARTS and CARRIAGES.

Rothert & Co.
Fourth and Broad.

BIRTHDAY RINGS,
BRACELETS,
CAMEO BROOCHES.

Smith & Webster
805 East Main.

WE MAKE A SPECIALTY
of packing household goods and china for shipment.

Rountree-Sutherland
Cherry Corporation

Art Department
Sale of Stamped Goods

Stamped Gowns, on good quality nainsook; as long as the lot lasts (8 designs)..... 49c

Children's Coats, stamped on good quality repp, 1 to 5 69c years.....

Centrepieces, on pure round thread linen, 22-inch, at..... 22c



Art Department
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Stamped Gowns, on good quality nainsook; as long as the lot lasts (8 designs)..... 49c

Children's Coats, stamped on good quality repp, 1 to 5 69c years.....

Centrepieces, on pure round thread linen, 22-inch, at..... 22c

Creme Voile Waists, stamped in the new Robespierre designs (all new), for..... 49c

Children's Dresses, on fine quality lawn, 2 to 4 years, with floss, 50c; same, 5 to 7 years..... 75c

BARON ROSEN FAVORS BROAD-MINDED POLICY

Former Russian Ambassador to United States Wants Better Treatment for Poles.

BY LA MARQUISE DE PONTENOV.

BARON ROMAN VON ROSEN, long Russian ambassador in the United States and one of the Czars' principal commissioners and plenipotentiaries at the peace congress of Portsmouth, N. H., which brought the war in Manchuria to a close, has lately been directing attention at St. Petersburg by his speeches in the Council of the empire, of which he is a member, in behalf of the application of the Russian municipal government law of 1892 to Poland. He is one of the authors of the bill advocating the bestowal of the benefits of this charter of the Russian towns, as regards self-government, upon Polish towns; urges that the proceedings of the town councils be conducted in the Polish language, and that the police control be diminished. His views have been endorsed by the committee of the Council appointed to report on the matter, and are understood to meet with the approval of both the Emperor and the ministers.

Baron Rosen declares that in order to secure the voluntary allegiance of Poland to the Russian crown, that allegiance which is indispensable to the safety of the Western frontiers of the empire, a broad-minded policy should be adopted. He insists that the Poles should be treated so that if ever a war broke out between Germany and Russia, the Poles not only on the Muscovite side of the frontier, but also in Germany, would accord their sympathies to the Czar.

Alluding to the Chancellor of the German empire's speech in the Reichstag the other day to the effect that the Polish question is a matter between the Slav and the German races, an argument for an increase of the German army, Baron Rosen declared that there was only one answer to the Council of the empire, in behalf of the Slav and Russian races, namely, that of Russia.

Usually the Council of the empire, to which the ministers of state and ambassadors are relegated on their retirement, is regarded in the light of an honorable oblivion. Baron Rosen has shown that this is not the case, and is being more talked of at the present moment in connection with his utterances and activities in the Council of the empire, than he ever was while ambassador or peace commissioner.

The Rosens hail originally from Saxony, settled in Esthonia, a region lying along the southern shore of the Gulf of Finland, and in olden times a part of the ancient republic of Novgorod. They made a name for themselves in Esthonian annals, and when Charles XII. was defeated by Peter the Great, the Rosens followed the fortunes of the retreating monarch, and found a new home in Sweden, where the Counts of Rosen are prominent to-day. The Swedish Rosens, who owe their title of count to the fact that one of their ancestors, Charles XII. at Stettin, were allied by marriage to several American families, one of them having married the daughter of the late Mrs. Bloomfield Moore, of Philadelphia and Washington.

Baron Roman von Rosen is the son of a noble of the same name, and of a Georgian mother, and first won his spurs as secretary of legation at Tokyo, under Baron de Struve, when the latter was minister in Japan, before being transferred to Washington. In those days Rosen had the air of a shrinking, almost maidenly modesty, about him, which was very taking, and which subjected him to no end of chaff and banter on the part of the witty Mme. de Struve, the wife of his chief.

Especially was this the case after the following episode. With the object of furthering the aims which the minister and he had in view, namely, the surrender of Saghalien by the Japanese to the Russian crown, he sought the wives of the bureau chiefs of the Galmusha, or Department of Foreign Affairs. One of these ladies, who was rather pretty, showed so much interest in European fashions that Rosen determined to marry her, and incidentally her husband, by ordering from Paris a complete outfit, including dress, hat, lingerie, and in fact, everything. Realizing that the little lady would not know in what order to don the garments, and being much too modest to venture to offer him any information on the subject, he sent instructions to Paris that the outfit should be packed in the order in which the garments were to be donned, that is to say, the underwear on top, and the dress, etc., down at the bottom of the box. Then he notified her of this. Unfortunately her name and address were by mistake put on the bottom of the case, instead of on the lid, and as the lady complied with the directions of Rosen, and finding the frock on top, dressed it first, and the underwear progressively afterwards.

The result was more picturesque than elegant. One of the members of the family, General Gregory von Rosen, colonel of the Preobrazhensky Guards, at the beginning of the eighteenth century, who was at the heels of the French army during its disastrous retreat from Moscow, and who rode into Paris with Alexander I. in 1814. Another was the comely, but somewhat unattractive, and afterwards comely, of the Russian forces in the Caucasus. His son George was the only poet of the family, and author of a libretto of the well-known opera of Glinka, entitled, "Life for the Czar."

Lord Carrick, who has just been appointed by the Viceroy of Ireland to the office of comptroller of the court of Dublin, and his chief dignitary, in succession to Lord Birkenhead, an advanced Liberal, and a home ruler to boot. As such he was naturally unable to secure election as a representative peer of Ireland, the peers entitled to vote at these elections being overwhelmingly Unionist. So he was given a barony of the United Kingdom last year, to enable him to occupy a seat in the House of Lords, his earldom and other honors being Irish.

Baron Carrick is a very useful member of the upper house of the imperial legislature, and a great authority on food and unadorned manufactures. After resigning his commission in the army as an officer of infantry—the 1st Buffs—he became one of the government inspectors of the Department of Agriculture in Ireland, rendering valuable services in promoting not only the agricultural, but also the manufacturing industries of the island. On one occasion he figured as an expert witness in an important lawsuit at Dublin, in connection with the Irish linen trade, and in another instance secured the conviction in the Central Criminal Court, in London, and the punishment of a big firm, known as the Irish Linen Company, which made a practice of selling at their various stores handkerchiefs and similar articles made of a mixture of linen and cotton, and falsely advertised as Irish linen. It should be added that whereas here in America the Federal law against misleading labels on goods is restricted to food and drugs, in Great Britain and Ireland it extends to nearly all other articles of trade.

Lord Carrick is of the same ancestry as the Marquis of Ormonde, and, like the latter, his patronymic is Butler. His viscountcy of Ikerin, in County Tipperary, dates from the reign of James II., and his earldom was bestowed by George II. in 1745.

But for the omission of a formally in ancient times, Lord Carrick would be to-day the premier earl of Ireland. His ancestor, Edmund de Botiller, was created Earl of Carrick in 1215, Earl of York in 1216, and Earl of Ulster in 1217. By Edward II. of England, for his services in fighting the Scotch, the records bear testimony that he received the feudal signification of his heirs, "sub nomine et honoris comitis de Karryk." But in those days a mere patent was not sufficient for the creation of an earl. It was necessary, in order to complete the dignity, that he should be "bolted."

The ceremony of bolting, for some reason or other omitted or neglected in the case of this Edmund de Botiller, Earl of Carrick. Hence, although his descendants continued to enjoy the lands and the feudal rights bestowed upon him by Edward II., the earldom was regarded as non-existent, owing to the dignity not having been completed, until the reign of George II.

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Then stop it! Stop it now! You can do it with Ayer's Hair Vigor. Does not color the hair.

Ask Your Doctor.

Ladies' Russian Calf Rubber Sole Oxfords, \$2.50 to \$4.00.
Men's Russian Calf Rubber Sole Oxfords, \$3.50 to \$5.00.

Nothelmer's
Northwest Corner Third and Broad.

J. B. Mosby & Co.
"Just for Friday" Specials to day.

BIG PROBLEM NOW TO KEEP IT CLEAN

Secretary Weber Tells How Results of City Campaign May Be Made Permanent.

NEED BETTER LEGISLATION
Special Receptacles Required for Garbage and Ashes—The Trade Waste Question.

All of the city this side of the river has been thoroughly cleaned, and the cart-and-shovel gangs are at work in South Richmond to-day. Richmond is more slightly, and a less hospitable home for flies and germs, by some ten thousand car-loads of rubbish, than it was last week. Every back yard in the city has had a chance to become immaculate, even though it had not been cleaned for years, and by far the greater part of them have profited by the campaign.

The leaders in the war on dirt are now bent on impressing the people with the necessity for making the results permanent. The great clean-up has brought vividly before the people their duties to the sanitary welfare of the city, and much depends upon their willingness to live up to the suggestions of the Department of Housing and Living Conditions, has tabulated a few of the things that every one ought to "know and remember," and they are submitted herewith in the hope that they will sink deep in the minds of the people, and be remembered, and afflict the consciences of the delinquents.

Some Helpful Rules.
All perishable refuse should be placed in one receptacle and all non-combustible refuse in another.

The Street Cleaning Department cannot be expected to remove refuse unless it is placed in proper receptacles.

The streets and alleys cannot be kept clean if the people persist in throwing paper and rubbish about them promiscuously.

The dumps will continue to be a menace to health if perishable material is placed there.

Contractors and house servants will continue to be careless in disposal of refuse unless the employers give some attention to the matter.

The employees of the Street Cleaning Department cannot enter yards that are locked or that have no gates at all.

Unless a very material increase is made in the appropriation for the Street Cleaning Department, it cannot be expected to handle the large quantities of trade waste that come from the business houses.

Streets cannot be kept clean as long as farmers, hucksters, building contractors and others, litter up the streets, either at their place of business or by dropping material from vacant lots as not proper dumping places for ashes, tin cans and other garbage.

Follow Same Old Custom.
There are many, however, Mr. Carrick stated, who, either through ignorance or indifference, will continue the same old way, unless some thing is done in the way of legislation that will compel them to observe the simple rules of cleanliness and civic decency. This has become apparent during the past few days. While the vast majority of the people have responded splendidly, there are not a few who have given no attention whatever to the clean-up movement and never will do so without compulsion.

"We have present in our City Code regulations which, if enforced, would prevent some of the evils of civic uncleanness; but some of the laws are antiquated and we need new legislation."

"Existing regulations provide that garbage shall be kept free from ashes, but make no provision for separation of other combustible from non-combustible material. Garbage is required to be kept in 'watertight vessels' each having a capacity not to exceed thirty-two gallons; but there is no provision requiring them to be of metal or to be covered."

"Ashes and all other refuse matter, except garbage, may be put in boxes and barrels of any kind or material, there being no provision as to their construction, and other non-combustible material should be kept in a limited size, for the prevention of fire, and for convenience in handling by the Street Cleaning Department."

Quotes from the Law.
"Chapter 41, section 12, provides that no collection of garbage shall be made by the Street Cleaning Department and like places, except when the amount of such garbage is no more than that of any ordinary household. This provision should be made to include all manner of trade waste from all kinds of business houses, and yet, the Street Cleaning Department should be permitted to take refuse, on condition that a fixed charge be made per cartload, this charge to cover the actual cost of removal."

"There are provisions of law prohibiting the throwing of 'sample packages of medicine or merchandise of any description whatsoever' in any public place, and which relate to the removal of refuse and the condition of streets and alleys, if any permanent good is to come of this clean-up campaign. The Society for the Betterment of Housing and Living Conditions in Richmond is considering the matter of suggesting the changes and additions to the present laws that are needed, and it is hoped that the City Council will act as soon as possible, so that the people of Richmond may never again return to the old conditions of civic uncleanness."

TO OPEN MEETING WITH PRAYER.
Decision by Cumberland County Commissioners—Officers of Court.

[Special to The Times-Dispatch.] Fayetteville, N. C., May 8.—The deliberations of the commissioners of Cumberland County will hereafter be opened with prayer by one of the ministers of the city. This policy was adopted at the monthly meeting of the

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The reputation of this store of showing the new and exclusive articles is maintained at all times.

SCHWARZSCHILD BROS.,
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board, on motion of Commissioner D. K. Taylor.

The commissioners, to whom the power of electing the officers of the recorder's court was given by the bill creating the court, made John A. Oates recorder, former Mayor Von C. Bullard, prosecutor, and H. F. Simmons, clerk. C. C. Howard was elected county auditor, a newly-created position brought into existence by the Nimocks bill establishing the salary system in Cumberland County. All these elections were made unanimously.

Clarence H. Poe, editor of the Progressive Farmer, will deliver the annual address at the closing of the Eastern School of Social Work, which will be given in connection with the commencement. The graduating exercises will be held on Friday evening, following a recitation contest, while the baccalaureate sermon will be preached Sunday by the Rev. Mr. Starling. An entertainment in the form of music, drama and dialogues will be given at the school Thursday night.

The commencement address at the Stedman School will be by Prof. M. C. S. Noble, of the university, on Friday, May 16. The other exercises will be given on the evenings preceding and following Prof. Noble's address.

C. S. Circuit Court of Appeals.
The United States Circuit Court of Appeals reconvened yesterday morning at 10 o'clock with Senior Circuit Judge Pritchard and District Judge Conrad, Jr., presiding.

Case submitted on briefs: No. 1154—Frances Smith, an infant, who sues by her next friend, Isaac V. Smith, plaintiff in error, vs. the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad Company, Court of the United States, District of West Virginia, at Huntington. Somerville, of Point Pleasant, W. Va., for plaintiff in error, and by Rankin Wiley, of Point Pleasant, W. Va., for the defendant in error.

Case in call to-day: No. 1155—Carolina Glass Company, plaintiff in error, vs. W. J. Murray, John McSwain, A. N. Wood, Avery Patton and J. S. Batts, defendants in error, in error to the District Court of the United States, at Charleston. To be argued by Lyles & Lyles, D. W. Robinson and J. T. Smith, for the plaintiff, and by J. S. Batts, for the defendant in error, and W. J. Stevenson, for the plaintiff, S. C. L. Fraser, Leon and B. L. Abney, of Huntington, S. C., for the defendant in error. Court announced its opinion in the following case:

No. 1156—Francis E. S. Wolfe, to the use of T. Rowland Slingstaff, assignee, plaintiff in error, vs. the International Fire Insurance Company of New York, Inc., defendant in error. Opinion by Judge Pritchard. Affirmed, with costs.

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"Good Luck's" purity is guaranteed under the Pure Food and Drugs Act. For sale by grocers everywhere. Ask for it.

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The Latest in Ice Cream and Cakes from Shepherd's New Factory

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This is KODAK season. Get yours from

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PIANOS
And Players—the finest made, at makers' prices.

The House of Fashion
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HAVE YOU SEEN THE
New Method Gas Ranges
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MILLINERY—Women's and Misses' Outer Apparel.

Choose Your Hose at This Big May Sale